

The Disaster Center is dedicated to the idea that disaster mitigation is cost effective and individuals pursuing their own interest are the greatest potential force for disaster reduction.

Please consider making a small donation to the Disaster Center



When disaster mitigation is cost effective, we are on the road to bringing disasters to an end.



FEMA

Daily Operations Briefing

Friday, October 23, 2015

8:30 a.m. EDT

Significant Activity: Oct 22-23



Significant Events: Heavy precipitation & flood threat – Southern Plains

Tropical Activity:

- Atlantic: None expected during the next 48 hours
- Eastern Pacific: Hurricane Patricia (CAT 5)
- Central Pacific: Hurricane Olaf (CAT 3)
- Western Pacific: No activity affecting U.S. territories

Significant Weather:

- Rain and thunderstorms – Southwest & Central/Southern Plains to Great Lakes & Tennessee Valley
- Flash flooding possible – Southern Plains
- Red Flags Warnings – None
- Elevated Fire Weather Areas – None
- Space weather: past 24 hrs – none; next 24 hrs – none

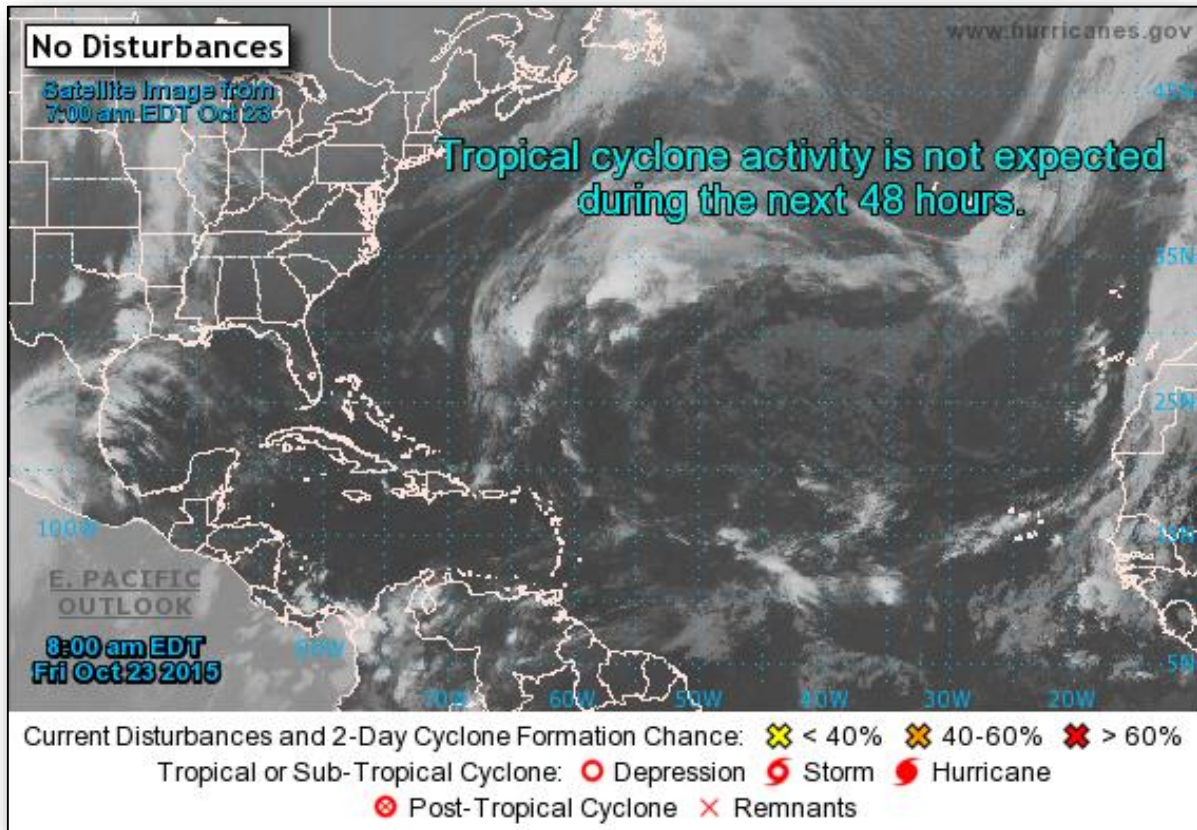
Declaration Activity:

- Amendment No. 8 for FEMA-4241-DR-SC

2 Day Tropical Outlook – Atlantic



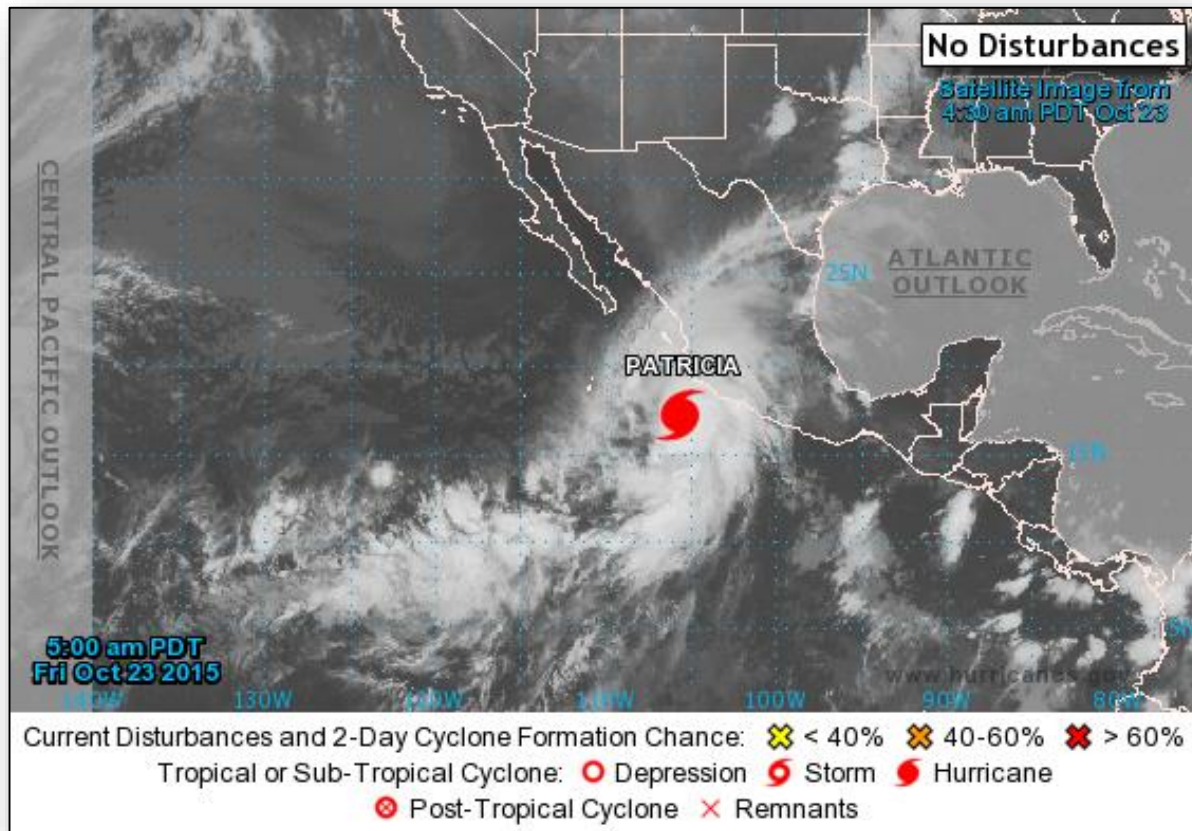
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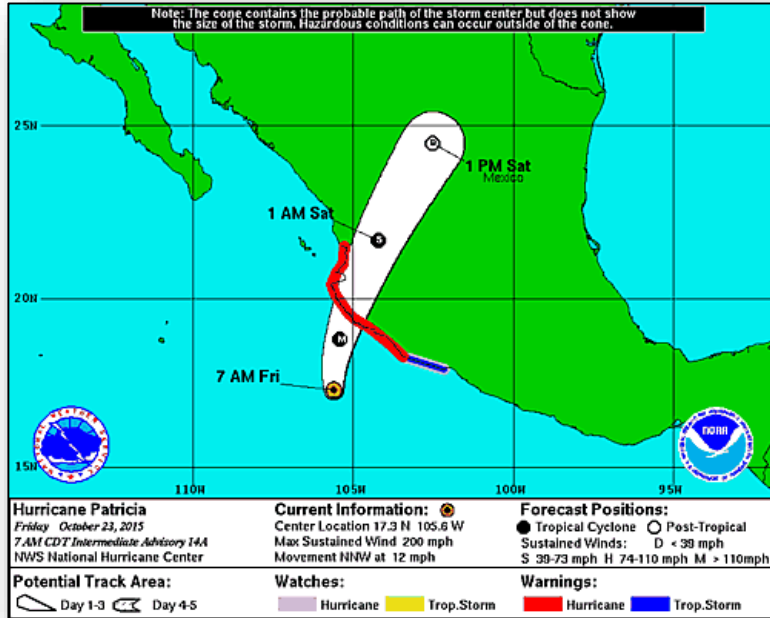
2 Day Tropical Outlook – Eastern Pacific



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Eastern Pacific – Hurricane Patricia



Advisory #14A as of 8:00 a.m. EDT

- Strongest eastern North Pacific Hurricane on record
- Located 145 miles SW of Manzanillo, Mexico
- Moving NNW at 12 mph; turn toward N expected this morning & toward the NNE this afternoon
- Maximum sustained winds 200 mph (CAT 5)
- Expected remain extremely dangerous hurricane through landfall
- Hurricane-force winds extend outward up to 30 miles from center
- Tropical storm-force winds extend outward 175 miles from center
- The core will make potentially catastrophic landfall in the warning area this afternoon or evening

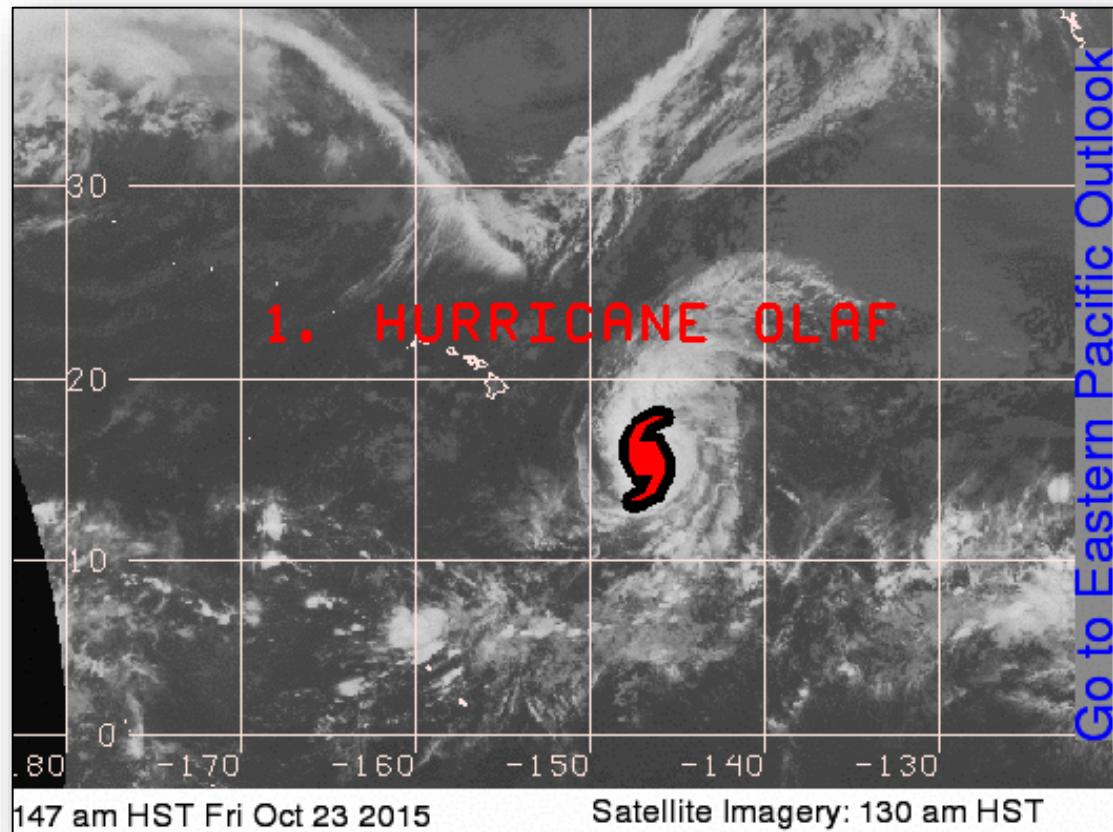
Potential Impacts:

- Winds: Hurricane conditions to hit warning area this afternoon; tropical storm conditions to hit warning area this morning
- Rainfall: 8-12 inches, isolated amounts of 20 inches through Saturday; could produce life-threatening flash floods and mudslides
- Storm surge: Extremely dangerous surge expected; coastal flooding; large destructive waves; life threatening surf and rip currents

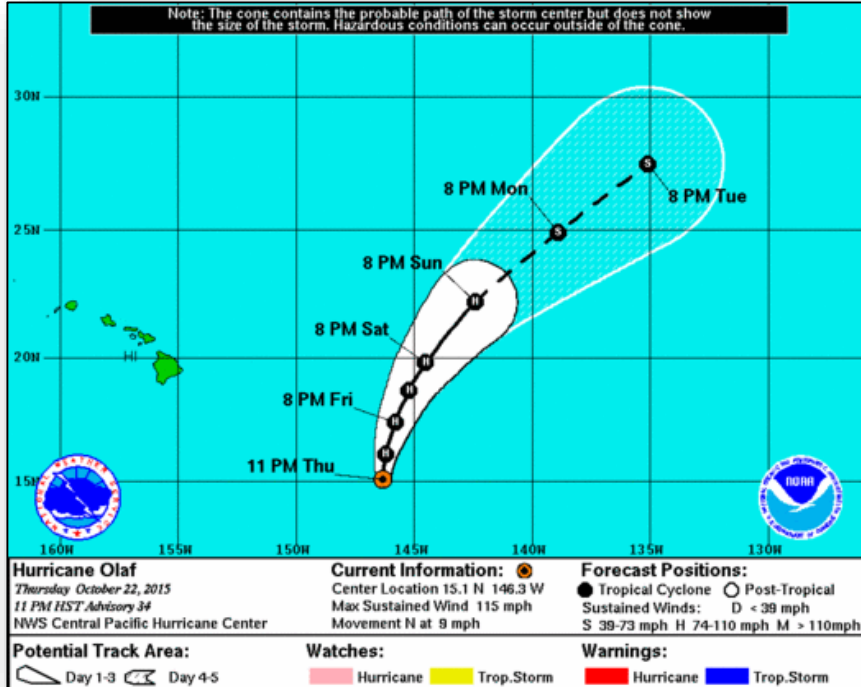
2 Day Tropical Outlook – Central Pacific



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Central Pacific – Hurricane Olaf



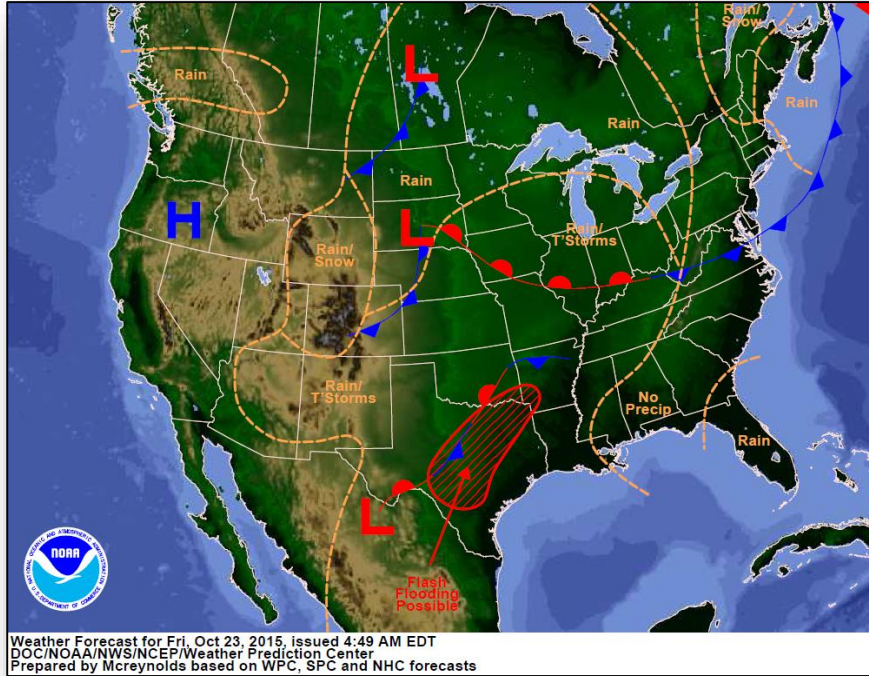
Advisory #34 as of 5:00 a.m. EDT

- Located 660 miles SE of Hilo, Hawaii
- Moving N at 9 mph; motion expected into Friday then turn to NNE into Saturday
- Maximum sustained winds 115 mph (CAT 3); gradual weakening through Saturday
- Hurricane-force winds extend outward up to 30 miles; tropical storm force winds extend up to 160 miles
- No coastal watches or warning in effect

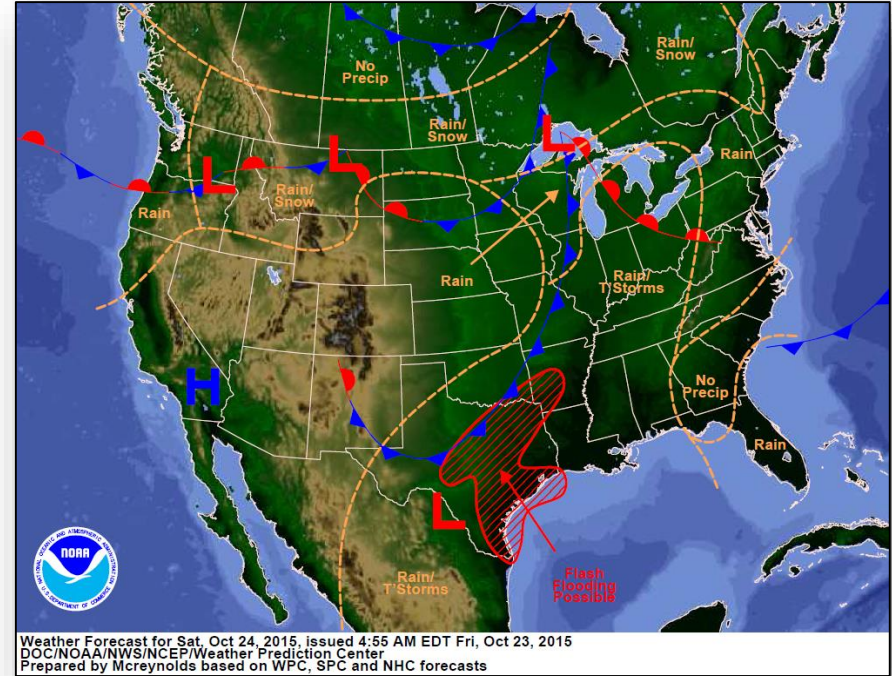
Impacts:

- Swells will produce life-threatening and potentially damaging surf along east facing shore of the Hawaiian Islands through the weekend

National Weather Forecast

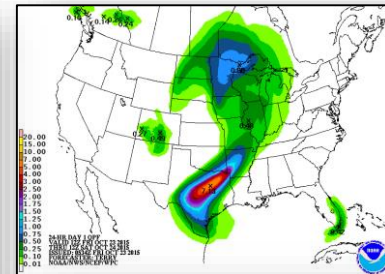
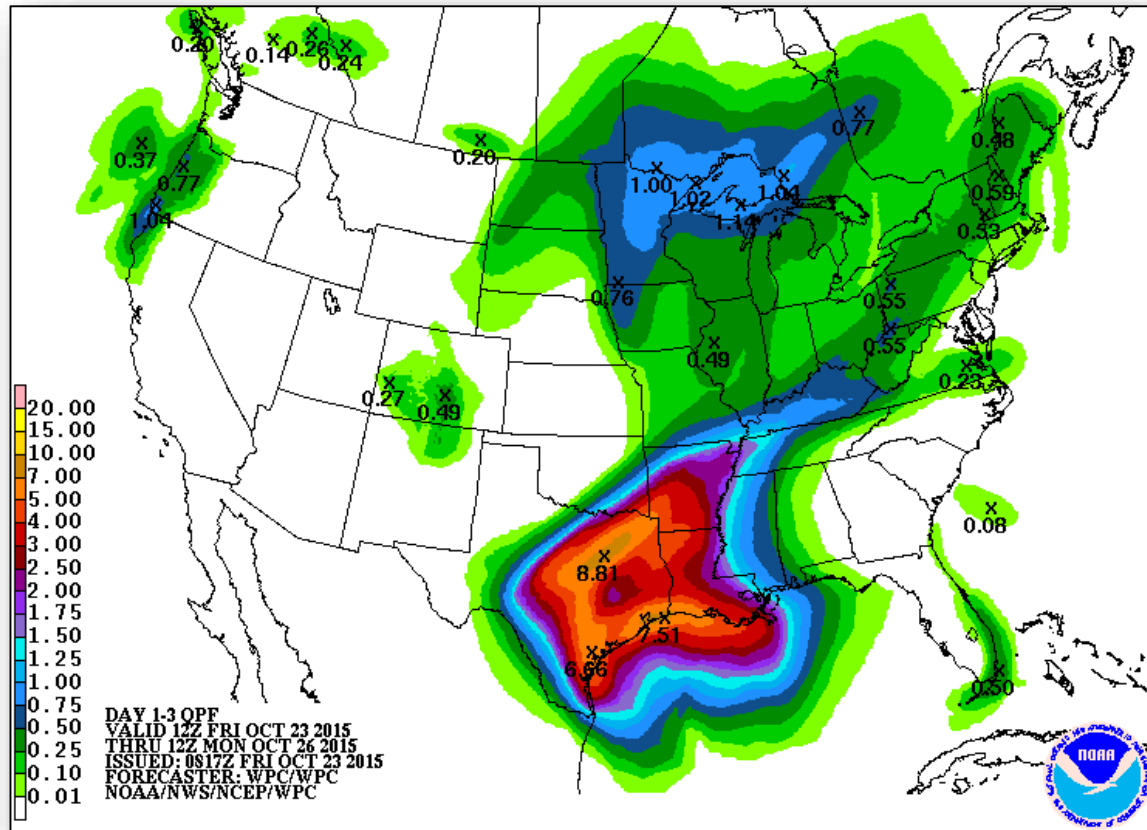


Today



Tomorrow

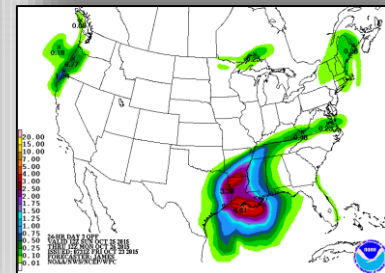
Precipitation Forecast, 1-3 Day



Day 1

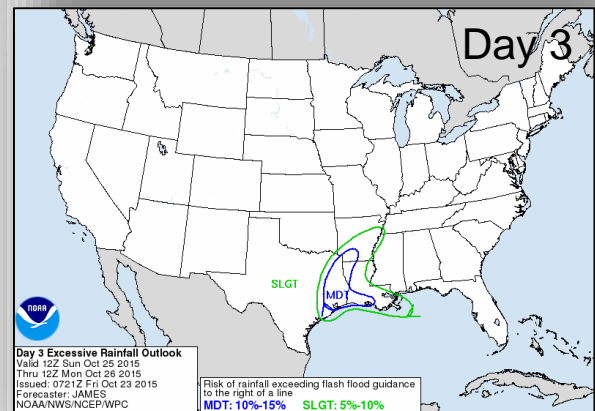
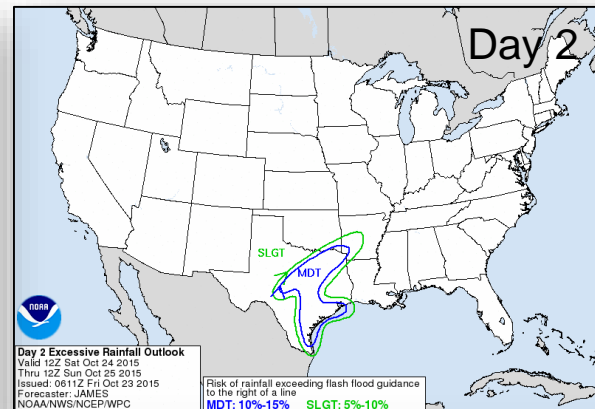
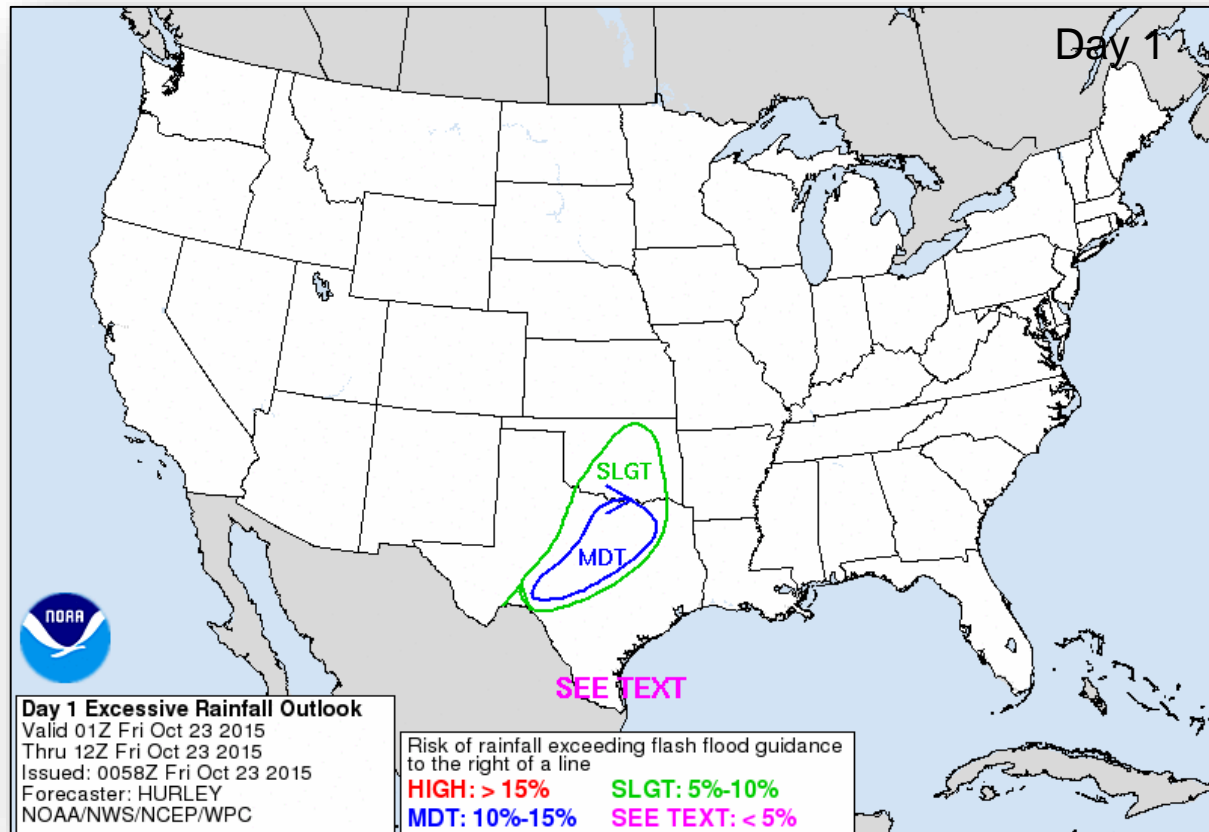


Day 2



Day 3

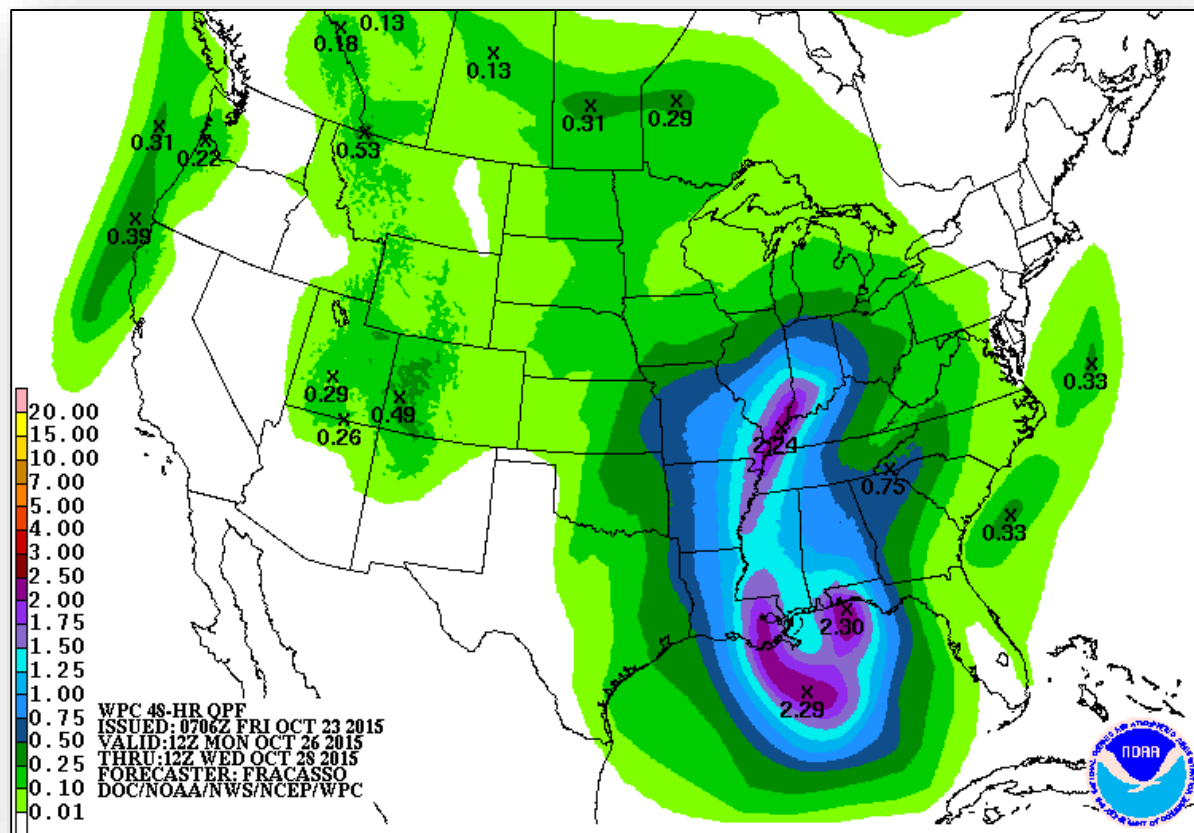
Flash Flood Potential, 1-3 Day



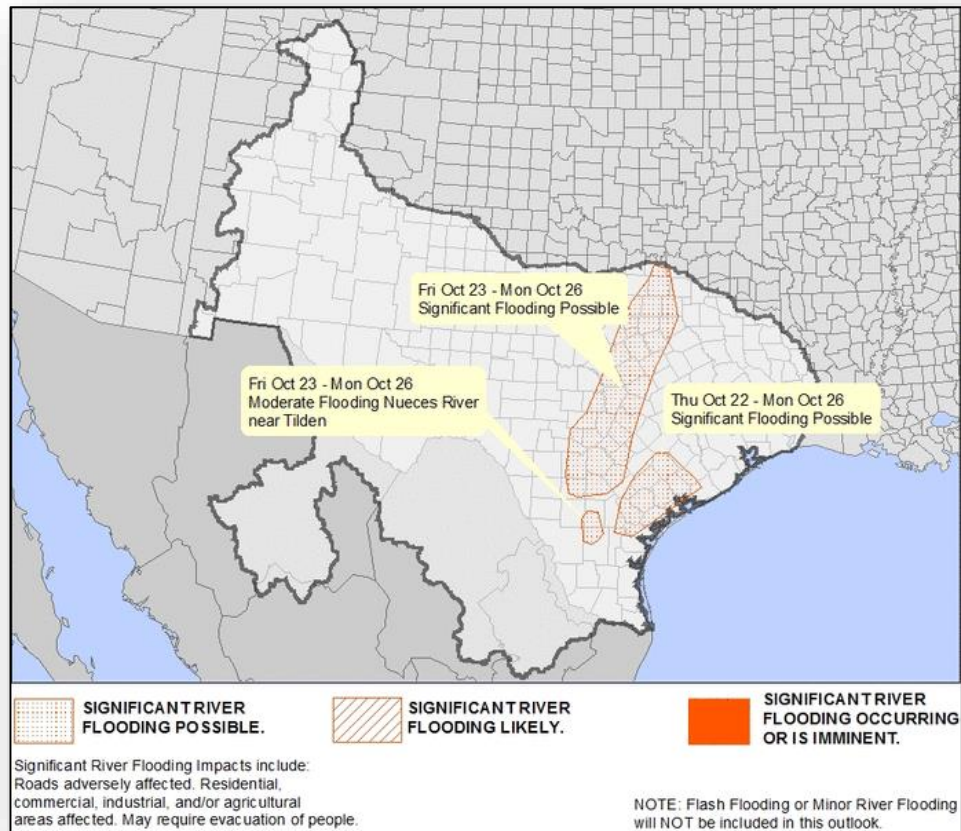
Precipitation Forecast, 4-5 Day



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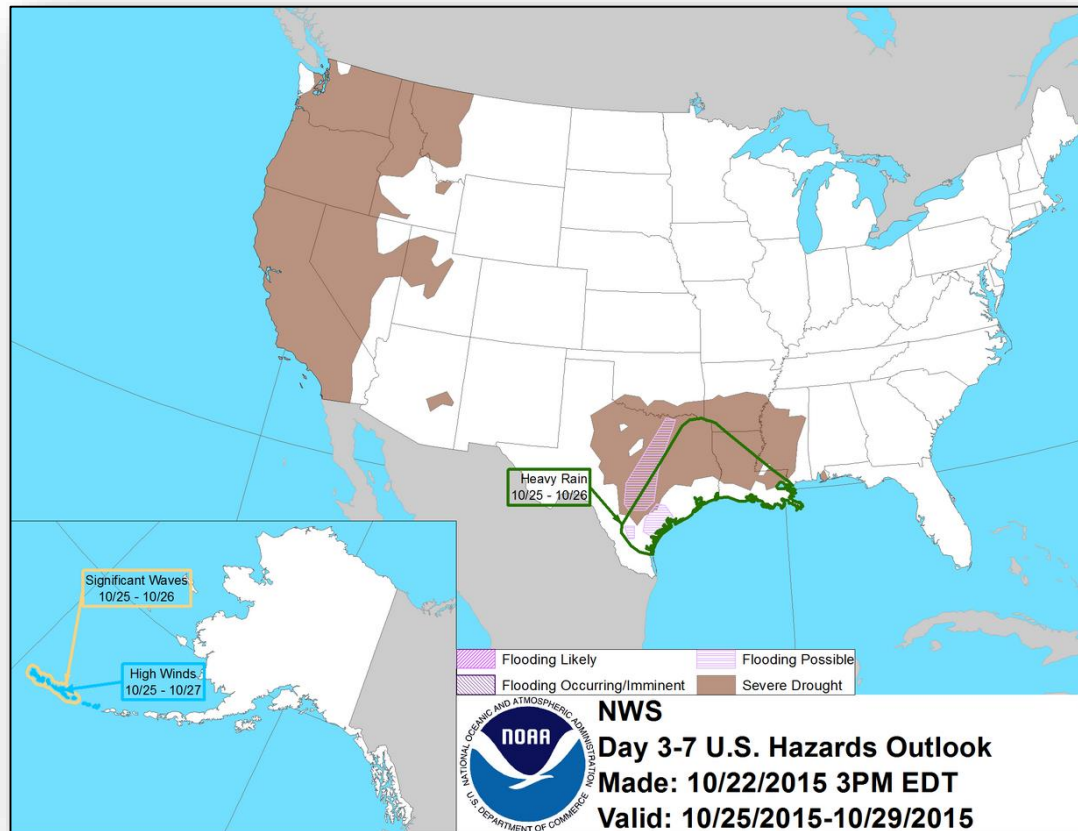
Significant River Flood Outlook



Hazard Outlook, October 25-29

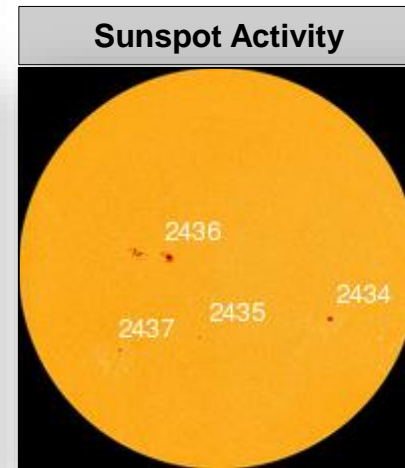
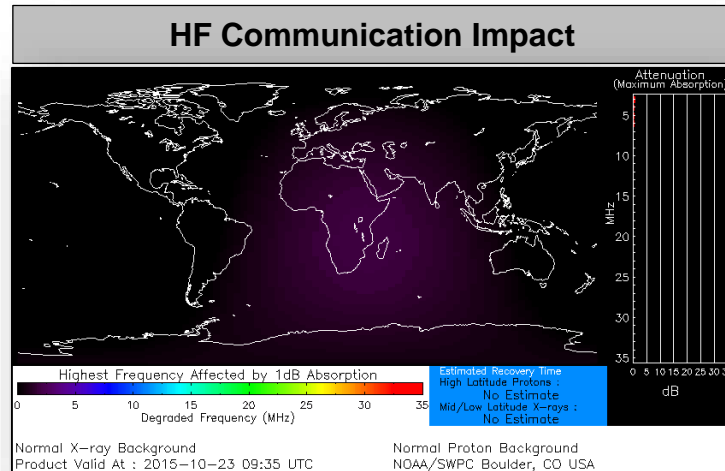


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Space Weather

	Past 24 Hours	Current	Next 24 Hours
Space Weather Activity:	None	None	None
• Geomagnetic Storms	None	None	None
• Solar Radiation Storms	None	None	None
• Radio Blackouts	None	None	None



Weather Forecasts vs. Climate Outlooks

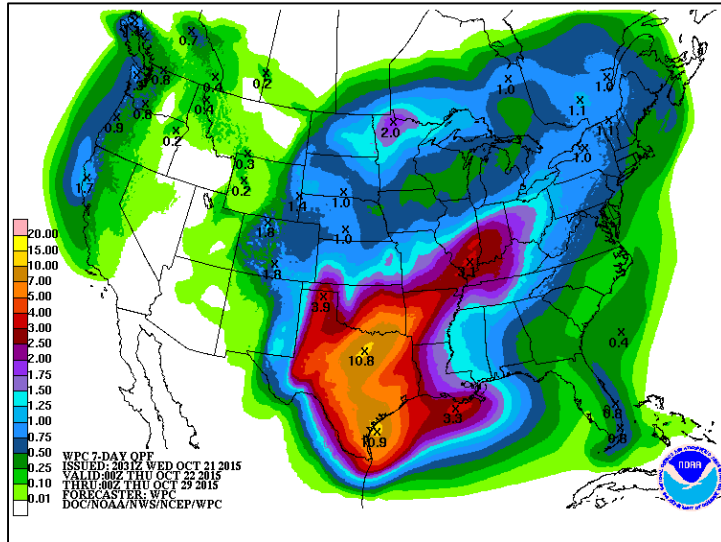


Fig. 1: Weather Prediction Center 7-Day Precipitation Forecast

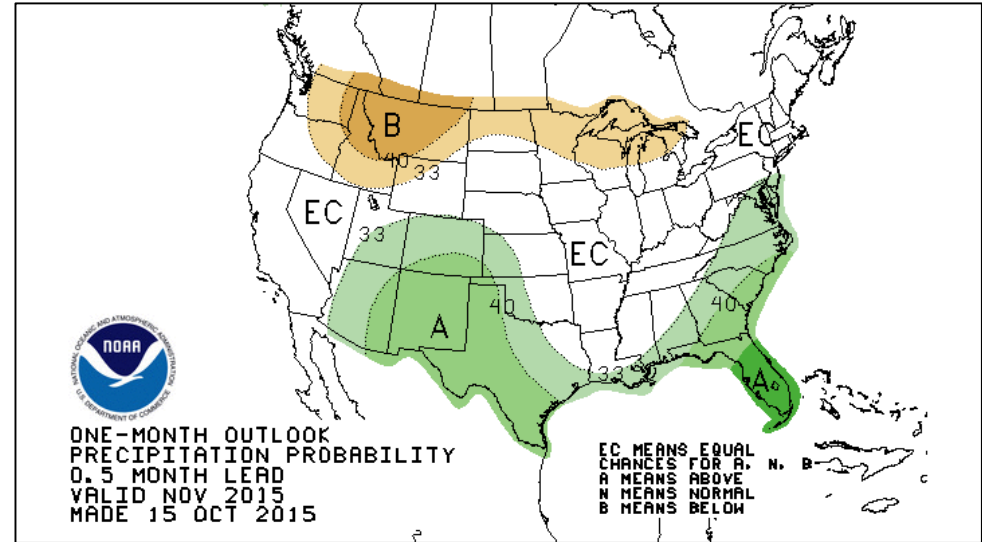


Fig. 2: Monthly Precipitation Outlook from Climate Prediction Center

- Weather forecasts predict short term conditions (days) while Climate Outlooks predict long term trends (weeks - months)
- Example: How much rain may fall over a few days (Fig. 1) vs. the probability that rain will be above normal, near normal, or below normal (Fig. 2)

Interpreting Climate Outlooks: Precipitation



Below Normal (B):

27% Chance - Above Normal
33% Chance - Near Normal
40% Chance - Below Normal

Above Normal (A):

50% Chance - Above Normal
33% Chance - Near Normal
17% Chance - Below Normal

Equal Chances (EC):

33% Chance - Above Normal
33% Chance - Near Normal
33% Chance - Below Normal

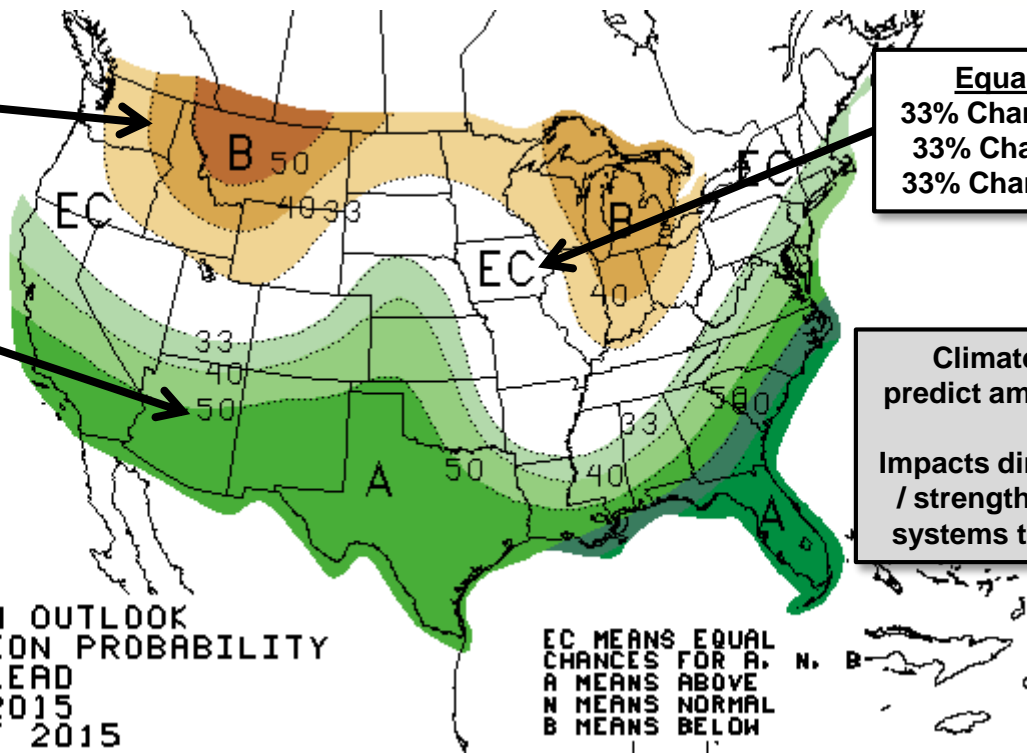
Climate outlooks do not predict amount of precipitation

Impacts directly related to track / strength of individual storm systems throughout a season



THREE-MONTH OUTLOOK
PRECIPITATION PROBABILITY
1.5 MONTH LEAD
VALID DJF 2015
MADE 15 OCT 2015

EC MEANS EQUAL
CHANCES FOR A,
A MEANS ABOVE
N MEANS NORMAL
B MEANS BELOW



Potential Impacts: On average, favoring above normal precipitation and potential heavy precipitation events for southern CONUS; Elevated odds for severe weather in Southeast; Drought improvement in CA.

Interpreting Climate Outlooks: Temperature

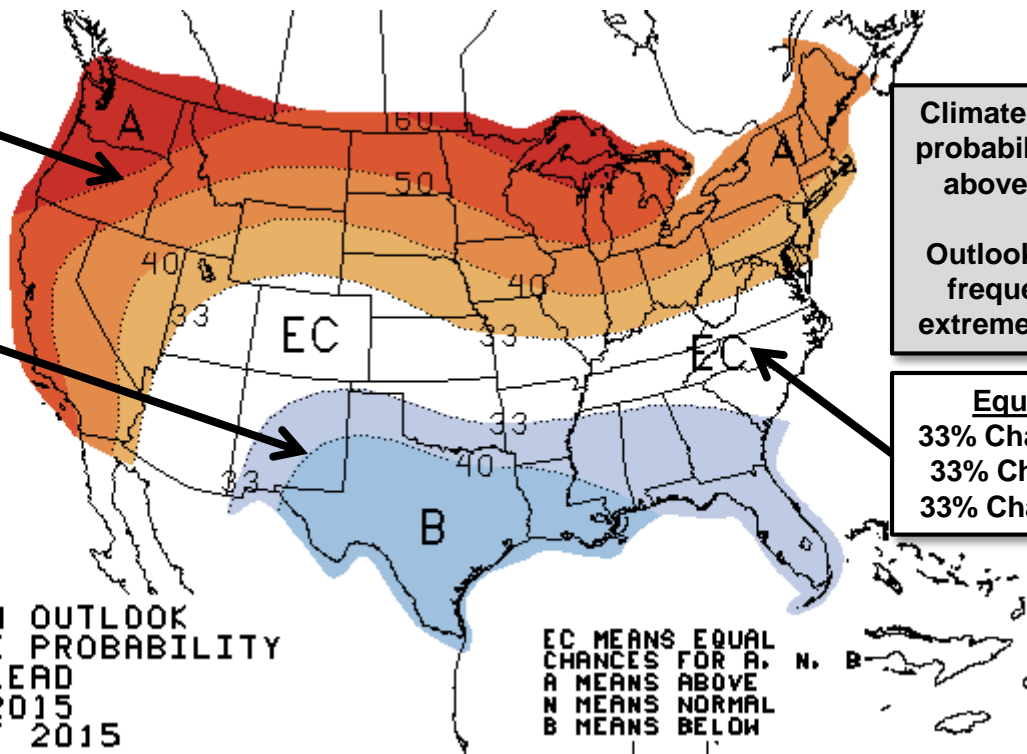


Above Normal (A):
60% Chance - Above Normal
33% Chance - Near Normal
7% Chance - Below Normal

Below Normal (B):
27% Chance - Above Normal
33% Chance - Near Normal
40% Chance - Below Normal



THREE-MONTH OUTLOOK
TEMPERATURE PROBABILITY
1.5 MONTH LEAD
VALID DJF 2015
MADE 15 OCT 2015



Climate outlooks predict the probability for below, near or above normal conditions

Outlooks do not predict the frequency or strength of extreme heat/cold outbreaks

Equal Chances (EC):
33% Chance - Above Normal
33% Chance - Near Normal
33% Chance - Below Normal

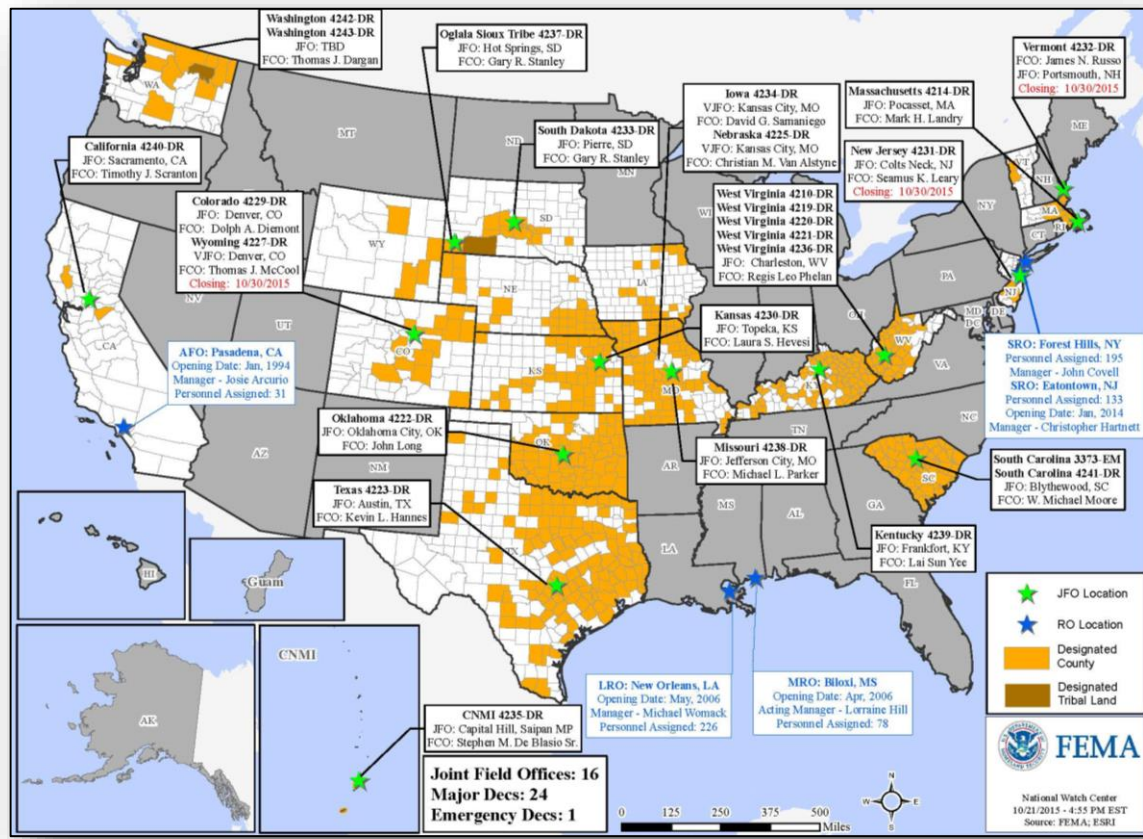
Potential Impacts: On average, warmer than normal temperatures and odds favor less frequent and shorter duration arctic outbreaks across much of northern CONUS

Disaster Amendments



Amendment	Effective Date	Action
Amendment No.8 FEMA-4241-DR-SC	October 22, 2015	Adds six counties for Public Assistance

Open Field Offices as of October 23



Joint Preliminary Damage Assessments



Region	State / Location	Event	IA/PA	Number of Counties		Start – End
				Requested	Complete	
II	NJ	Severe Coastal Storm Event & High Winds October 1-4, 2015	PA	3	0	10/26-TBD
X	AK	High Surf & Coastal Flooding August 26-28, 2015	PA	1	0	10/19-TBD

FEMA Readiness – Deployable Teams /Assets



Deployable Teams/Assets									
Resource	Status	Total	FMC Available		Partially Available	Not Available	Detailed, Deployed, Activated	Comments	Rating Criterion
FCO		35	9	26%	0	3	23		OFDC Readiness: FCO Green Yellow Red Type 1 3+ 2 1 Type 2 4+ 3 2 Type 3 4 3 2
FDRC		7	2	29%	0	0	5		FDRC 3 2 1
US&R		28	27	96%	0	1	0	NM-TF1 (Red) – Personnel shortages	• Green = Available/FMC • Yellow = Available/PMC • Red = Out-of-Service • Blue = Assigned/Deployed
National IMAT		3	1	33%	0	0	2	N-IMAT East-1 and N-IMAT West deployed to SC	• Green: 3 avail • Yellow: 1-2 avail • Red: 0 avail <i>(Individual N-IMAT red if 50% of Section Chiefs and/or Team Leader is unavailable for deployment.)</i>
Regional IMAT		13	3	23%	0	0	10	<u>Deployed:</u> RI (Team 1) Deployed to SC RII (Team 1) Demobilized; Fully Mission Capable RIV (Team 1) Deployed to SC; (Team 2) deployed to SC RVI (Team 2) Deployed to TX RVII Deployed to MO RVIII (Team 1) Deployed to CO RIX (Team 1) Deployed to CNMI; (Team 2) Deployed to CA RX (Team 1) Deployed to WA	• Green: 7 or more avail • Yellow: 4 - 6 teams available • Red: > 8 teams deployed/unavailable <i>R-IMAT also red if TL Ops/Log Chief is unavailable & has no qualified replacement</i>
MCOV		59	16	27%	0	11	32	8 MCOVs deployed to CA (FEMA-4240-DR) 24 MCOVs deployed to SC (FEMA-4241-DR)	• Green = 80 – 100% avail • Yellow = 60 – 79% avail • Red = 59% or below avail • Readiness remains 95%

FEMA Readiness – National/Regional Teams



National/Regional Teams									
Resource	Status	Total	FMC Available		Partially Available	Not Available	Status	Comments	Rating Criterion
NWC		5	5	100%	0	0	Watch/Steady State		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Green = FMC • Yellow = PMC • Red = NMC
NRCC		2	344	89%	0	44	Not Activated		
HLT		1	N/A	N/A	0	0	Activated		
DEST							Not Activated		
RRCCs		10	10	100%	0	0	Not Activated		
RWCs/MOCs		10	10	100%	0	0	Not Activated		



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FEMA's mission is to support our citizens and first responders to ensure that as a nation we work together to build, sustain, and improve our capability to prepare for, protect against, respond to, recover from, and mitigate all hazards.